

WASTE AUDIT REPORT

SHERIDAN COLLEGE HMC CAMPUS

2019 SOLID NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE AUDIT O.REG. 102/94

PREPARED BY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This waste audit was conducted in April 2019 at the Hazel McCallion (HMC) Campus of Sheridan College. The HMC Campus is the smallest Sheridan College campus in terms of student population and in terms of physical size. The campus has two buildings each comprised of four floors totaling more than 300,000 square feet and they include classrooms, studios, offices, cafeteria, washrooms, hallways, etc.

There are three campuses at Sheridan: Davis, Trafalgar & Hazel McCallion (HMC). All three campuses have implemented a number of diversion programs in an effort of getting to Zero Waste by 2020. Each of the campuses has a variety of single-stream recycling/reuse programs (Ex. cardboard, E-waste) as well as the three-stream Zero Waste (ZW) bins, implemented in 2014, which are the identically marked and colour-coded collection stations for organics, mixed recycling and waste-to-landfill that are found throughout the campus.

In addition to single stream recycling/reuse collection programs and the ZW bin program, Sheridan College has implemented many reduction and sustainability programs including:

- 1. Installed water bottle refilling stations to reduce PET water bottle generation.
- 2. Implemented a program to eliminate paper towels from all washrooms by switching to air hand dryers instead of repairing broken paper towel dispensers (most washrooms have already eliminated paper towel usage).
- 3. Implemented a paper reduction program at all campus printers.
- 4. The campuses host Repair Cafe's to change society's throwaway mindset and empower people to repair broken household items.
- 5. The Sheridan Student Union (SSU) runs a Food Donation program.
- 6. The library has a well-established book donation program.
- 7. Sheridan hosted a Winter Office Cleanup collecting office furniture and supplies to donate to various charities (new 2018).

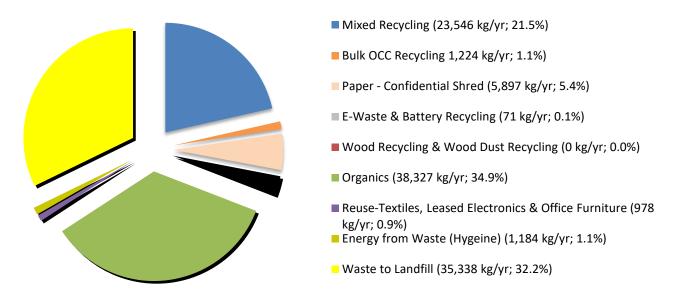
With the exception of the furniture donation program component of the Winter Office Cleanup, the waste reduction realized by these additional programs was not quantified for inclusion in this report.

The ZW bin program was rolled out over the course of 2014 at the campuses so this program has matured: students and staff have are familiar with and knowledgeable of the ZW bin collection program. Sheridan continues to encourage participation through engagement and information programs. The weight based information for the 2019 waste audit was from 2018 data provided by the service providers.

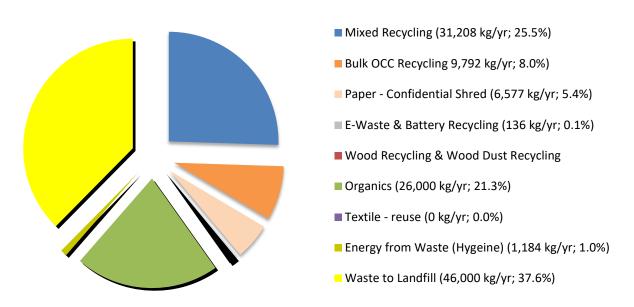
ANNUAL DIVERSION RATES OVER TIME

Waste diversion rates at the campus have dramatically and consistently improved since 2015. The 2019 waste diversion rates at the HMC Campus are presented below. The 2019 diversion rates were calculated using calendar year 2018 weight-based information provided by Sheridan management and their waste service providers. Although the final disposition of the electronics in the electronics lease-return program is not known, it is included in the reuse category for the purpose of the 2019 waste audits at Sheridan College.

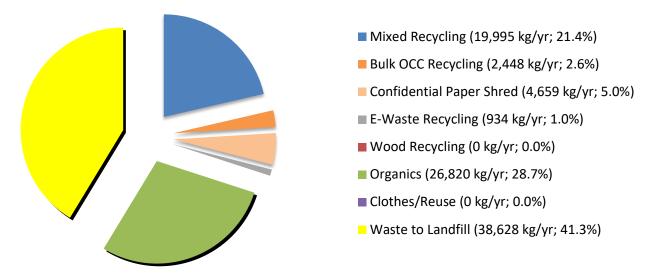
HMC Campus 2019 Waste Diversion Rate: 66.7%



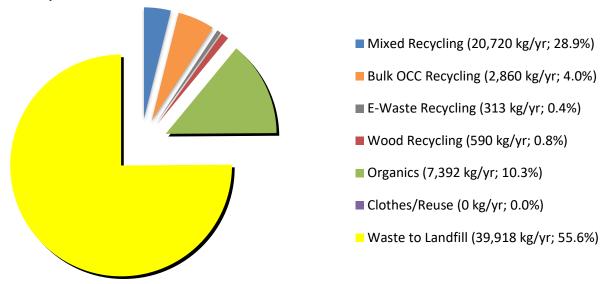
HMC Campus 2018 Waste Diversion Rate: 61.4%



HMC Campus 2017 Waste Diversion Rate: 58.7%



HMC Campus 2015 Waste Diversion Rate: 44.4%

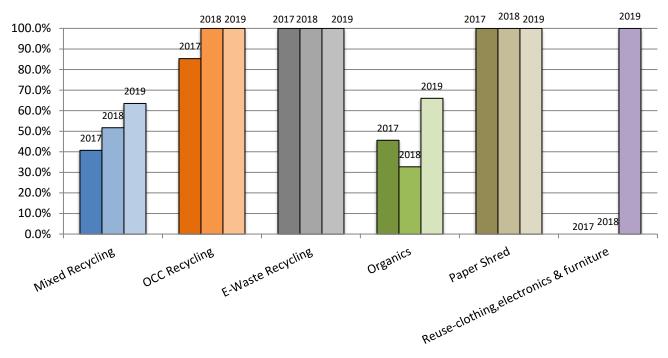


The HMC Campus waste diversion rate has improved dramatically from 44.4% in 2015 to 66.7% in 2019. The improvements since 2018 can be attributed to a significant improvement in organics program capture.

OVERALL CAPTURE RATES BY DIVERSION PROGRAM OVER TIME

Capture rates for each diversion program were calculated at the HMC Campus using results of the 2019 waste audit of the ZW bins, combined with 2018 weight based information on collection programs. The capture rates were consistently high for the bulk single-stream recycling programs where they exist. The capture rate for the ZW mixed recycling has increased slightly; while the ZW organic capture rate has declined slightly since 2017.

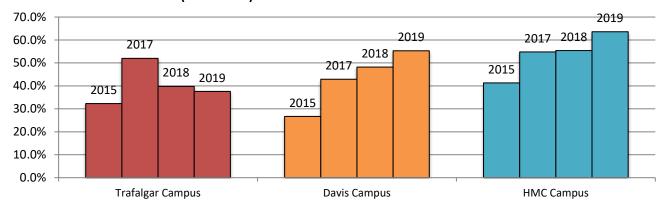




ZW COLLECTION PROGRAM PERFORMANCE OVER TIME

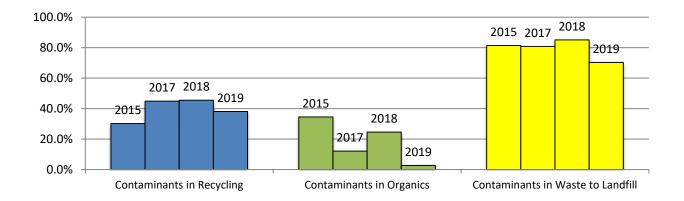
At HMC and also at the Davis Campus the ZW bin program waste diversion performance has steadily increased over time. Only at the Trafalgar campus has there been a decline in ZW waste diversion performance.

ZW Diversion Rates over Time (2015-2019)



ZW COLLECTION PROGRAM CONTAMINATION RATES OVER TIME

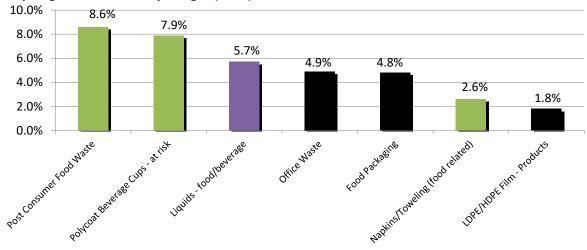
At HMC, contamination rates for all three ZW collection programs have improved since 2018. This is evidence that the Campus community understands the ZW collection program, is committed to complying with the ZW program and is improving their material sorting behaviour.



2019 ZW COLLECTION PROGRAM SPECIFIC WASTE CONTAMINANTS

The most significant contaminants in each of the ZW collection program streams are presented below. Contamination can be reduced through improving sorting behaviours with targeted programs to address the most significant contaminants. Food waste is the most consistently improperly disposed material in the ZW Recycling and ZW Waste-to-Landfill streams; while a variety of materials (mostly food packaging) contaminate the ZW Organics program. In the following charts, specific wastes are colour coded: green are suitable for ZW organic bin, black are suitable for ZW waste-to-landfill bin and purple are reducible wastes.

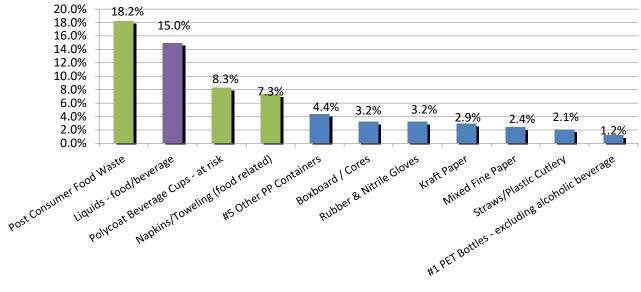
ZW Recycling Contaminants by Weight (2019)



ZW Organics Contaminants by Weight (2019)

The contamination of the organics stream is so low that there are no contaminants in the organics program over 1.0% by weight. Polypropylene containers (mostly cold drink cups) and food packaging wastes are two single largest contaminants.

ZW Waste-to-Landfill Contaminants by Weight (2019)



2019 ZW COLLECTION PROGRAM BY AREA

Waste diversion rates for the fourteen areas sampled during the audit at the HMC Campus are presented below. You will note that the HMC Area ZW waste diversion rate (63.6%) is lower than the 2019 HMC Campus waste diversion rate (66.7%) because the area diversion rates are based on the ZW bin diversion program alone and do not include single stream recycling/reuse programs. Food service back of house diversion rates are excellent, while Hallways diversion rates could be improved.

Area	Percentage by	Area Waste		
Alea	ZW Recycling	ZW Organics	ZW Waste-to- Landfill	Diversion Rate
HMC A - Starbucks Back of House	25.3%	51.5%	23.2%	76.8%
HMC A - Cafeteria Front of House	35.9%	21.7%	42.3%	57.7%
HMC A - Cafeteria Back of House	26.2%	38.7%	35.1%	64.9%
HMC A - 4th Floor Faculty of Business	44.1%	10.2%	45.6%	54.4%
HMC A - 3rd & 4th Floor Hallways	37.9%	11.1%	51.0%	49.0%
HMC B - Tim Hortons Back of House	4.2%	80.2%	15.6%	84.4%
HMC B - 2nd Floor Gallery	56.6%	10.4%	33.0%	67.0%
HMC B - 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways	31.4%	10.8%	57.8%	42.2%
ALL AREAS	24.2%	39.4%	36.4%	63.6%

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

The recommendations appearing in this report are to be considered for implementation as Sheridan College feels appropriate and cost effective.

Ensure the campuses waste reduction workplans use the hierarchical components of the 3Rs. Reduction or elimination of waste should be given top priority, then reuse and lastly recycling. Similarly, choose suppliers who offer products with post-consumer recycled content. Purchasing supplies and materials with recycled content encourages and sustains growth in existing and developing recycling end-markets. The 3Rs Regulations require not only that these practices are conducted but also recorded and documented.

Review purchasing, packaging and environmental policies to ensure each reflects and emphasizes consistent hierarchical Reduce, Reuse, Recycle strategies. Reduction or elimination of waste should be given top priority, then reuse and lastly recycling. A consistent 3Rs policy will benefit the campuses by communicating its environmental stewardship to its employees, its suppliers and its patrons.

Given that the recycling programs are well established, the campuses need to examine ways of reducing waste. Many facilities fail to achieve waste reduction targets because they use the 3Rs in the reverse order. Unfortunately, many companies use this approach based on the misinformed belief that recycling is the easiest, most cost-effective and the least time consuming form of waste diversion. Consider some of the following costs associated with recycling that would not be incurred if the materials were not generated in the first place:

- Recycling requires additional material handling
- Cost of containers / floor space / storage areas
- Education and training of employees
- Promotion of the programs to maintain cooperation
- Removal service costs
- Contamination issues/disposal fees
- Sourcing available end-markets for materials

In the auditor's experience, companies that make substantial gains in waste reduction are those that periodically improve their recycling programs while continuously examining ways to eliminate materials that contribute to their daily and annual waste output.

Employees should evaluate, improve and expand waste reduction efforts in their own areas. Active employee involvement will generate cooperation and enthusiasm.

Ontario Regulation 102/94 requires that the audit findings be posted in accessible areas to inform employees of the sources of waste generation and the company's commitment to waste reduction. Further, posting waste audit findings and educating employees in waste diversion programs and including them in the successes, will generate continued compliance with and commitment to the waste diversion programs.

SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS -THE WASTE REDUCTION WORKPLANS

Campus Wide Focus:

Sheridan HMC campus has an excellent combination of diversion programs that address the divertible materials generated at the campus. Consequently, future waste diversion improvements will likely come from enhancing compliance with the three stream ZW bins across campus. Sheridan should continue to assess and identify barriers to sorting and develop area-specific action plans to increase participation.

Specific Recommendations:

- 1. Enhancing Food Waste, Polycoat Cup, Molded Coffee Cup Trays and Napkins Capture Rate Throughout the Campus: 11,980 kg/year of food waste, polycoat cups & trays and napkins are being disposed in waste-to-landfill. Though this is a significant improvement from 2018, Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper disposal in organics of food waste and napkins through education/signage. Consider a campaign to encourage sorting behaviour using a multi-media approach and consider 'branding' the campaign. Engage and challenge environmental studies students to design the campaign and develop a multi-media approach/roll-out. Promote HMC as the best performing Sheridan campus in diversion performance and challenge the campus community to keep up the good work. Expected improvement in capture rate of 20%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 2,396 kg per year (20% of organic improperly disposed across the campus).
- 2. Enhancing Mixed Recycling Capture Rate Throughout the Campus: 7,569 kg/year of recycling is being disposed in waste-to-landfill. Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper disposal in mixed recycling of: #5 polypropylene containers (cold drink cups), boxboard/cores, rubber/nitrile gloves, kraft paper, mixed fine paper, straws & plastic cutlery and #1 PET Bottles through education/signage. Though recycling capture rates have improved over time, Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper sorting of materials. Consider a campaign to encourage sorting behaviour using a multi-media approach and consider 'branding' the campaign. Engage and challenge environmental studies students to design the campaign and develop a multi-media approach/roll-out. Promote HMC as the best performing Sheridan campus in diversion performance and challenge the campus community to keep up the good work. Expected improvement in capture rate of 20%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 1,523 kg per year (20% of mixed recycling improperly disposed across the campus).
- 3. **Emptying Beverage Containers:** Continue to encourage the emptying of beverage containers prior to placement in mixed recycling through a combination of education/signage and placement of emptying stations where practicable. Consider launching a campaign. Anticipated reduction in disposal of liquids in any stream: 40%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 2,114 kg per year as well as a significant reduction in contamination in the mixed recycling and organic streams.
- 4. Reducing Contamination in the ZW Collection Programs at Targeted Underperforming Areas:
 Sheridan should continue to identify behavioural and structural issues and opportunities to improve material sorting, with particular focus in Hallways, Galleries and Cafeteria Front of House where sorting is particularly poor. Estimating the impact of targeted area programs on waste diversion is beyond the scope of this study as not all areas of the Campus were audited in 2019.
- 5. Monitoring the Coffee Cup Program: More and more cups are being considered not compostable all the while Sheridan's population continues haphazardly dispose of coffee cups largely in waste-to-landfill and organics, but also with significant disposal in recycling. Coffee cup types and disposition (compostable vs. non-compostable) is in flux. Consider developing a strategy to manage coffee cups at the three campuses to ensure the coffee cup program is future-looking, flexible, efficient and effective. Impact on waste diversion cannot be quantified at this time as it is strategy dependent.
- 6. **Capturing & Reporting Material Weights for All Diversion Programs at the Campus:** Sheridan has made significant progress in reporting material diversion streams since 2015 however there may

be other diversion programs in place at the Campus but the weight-based data is not currently captured for reporting purposes (Examples Electronics Reuse and Office Furniture Donation). Sheridan should continue to conduct an inventory of all diversion programs, with particular focus on reduction and reuse programs, and should ensure there are procedures in place to collect, monitor and report on these programs.

Anticipated Result:

With the implementation of the above noted waste reduction plans, it is estimated that the waste diversion rate at the HMC Campus will increase from 66.7% to 72.2% and the Campus will divert an additional 6,033kg per year of waste from landfill in 2020.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

The solid waste audits performed by *Spinnaker Recycling Corp.* ("Spinnaker") at the HMC Campus of Sheridan College was designed to:

CALCULATE CURRENT DIVERSION RATES FOR RECYCLED, ORGANIC AND REUSED MATERIALS TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF DIVERSION PROGRAMS

IDENTIFY OPPORTUNITIES FOR IMPROVEMENT AND EXPANSION TO DIVERSION PROGRAMS

DEVELOP A WASTE REDUCTION WORKPLAN THAT IDENTIFIES POLICIES, PRACTICES, TARGETS AND GOALS FOR NEW AND DEVELOPING WASTE REDUCTION PROGRAMS

COMPLETE & DOCUMENT THE AUDIT AS PER ONTARIO REGULATION 102/94 UNDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT

This waste audit has been conducted and documented to be compliant with Ontario Regulation 102/94.

At the time of the 2017 audit, the HMC had implemented and reported material weights for the following collection programs:

- 1. ZW Mixed Recycling (includes glass, metal, paper, plastic)
- 2. ZW Organics
- 3. ZW Waste to Landfill
- 4. Bulk Old Corrugated Cardboard (OCC) Recycling
- 5. Paper Shred (Confidential) Recycling
- 6. Metal Recycling
- 7. E-Waste Recycling
- 8. Electronic Equipment Lease-Return (new 2019)
- 9. Office Furniture Reuse Event(s) (new 2019)
- 10. Hygiene Waste Energy from Waste (EFW) Program

Sheridan College recycling programs meet and exceed Ontario Regulation 102/94 requirements for designated facilities as the recycling programs include the capture of the following recyclable materials:

- Aluminum food or beverage cans
- Cardboard
- Fine Paper
- Glass Bottles, Jars & Food/Beverage
- Newsprint
- Steel Food & Beverage Cans
- Polyethylene Terephthalate (PET)

1.2 METHODOLOGY

The waste audit results presented in this report were obtained from observations and information collected during one on-site meeting and on two days of on-site waste auditing conducted in April 2019 at the HMC Campus.

Two data sets were employed to generate the annual waste generation rates of specific waste materials at the HMC Campus. First, the 2017 annual weight information for the individual collection streams was obtained from the service providers and the second data set was generated during the sorting and weighing of a 24 hour accumulation of material in ZW bins during the April 2018 on-site waste audit at the Campus.

The 2018 single-material stream weights provided by the service providers were not audited and were assumed to be 100% single-stream without any contamination by other materials. Sheridan has implemented the following single-material stream diversion programs including:

- 1. Bulk Old Corrugated Cardboard (OCC) Recycling
- 2. Paper Shred Recycling
- 3. Metal Recycling
- 4. E-Waste Recycling
- 5. Hygiene Waste Energy-from-Waste (EFW) Program

The second source of data was generated through the on-site audit of the ZW bin streams at HMC. All Sheridan College campuses have implemented a Zero Waste (ZW) program with a long-term goal of eliminating all landfill waste by 2020. The ZW program includes three regular collection streams in ZW bins:

- 1. Organics
- 2. Mixed Recycling (glass, metal, paper, plastic)
- 3. Waste-to-landfill

These material streams are "mixed" composition so they were sorted and weighed to determine the relative proportions by weight of specific wastes in the individual ZW bin program streams. These relative proportions were applied to the 2018 annual weight information by ZW stream provided by the service providers. In this way, it is possible to determine contamination levels and identify specific materials that are being improperly disposed in these "mixed" waste streams.



One project manager and three waste analysts sorted, quantified and recorded the waste generated over a 24-hour sample accumulation period. In order to identify opportunities to improve waste diversion at specific functional areas within the campus, the HMC campus was divided into 8 areas for the purpose of the waste audit which represented most but not all of the campus. The areas audited included:

- 1. HMC A Starbucks Back of House
- 2. HMC A Cafeteria Front of House
- 3. HMC A Cafeteria Back of House
- 4. HMC A 4th Floor Faculty of Business
- 5. HMC A 3rd & 4th Floor Hallways
- 6. HMC B Tim Hortons Back of House
- 7. HMC B 2nd Floor Gallery

8. HMC B - 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways

ZW bin material streams were collected by the cleaning personnel and labeled as to the area from where it was generated. The ZW mixed recycling, organics and waste-to-landfill bags were collected on-site and delivered to a designated area for sorting and weighing. All bags were sorted by generation area and ZW bin type (organics, recycling, waste-to-landfill), opened, and further sorted into labeled collection bins by specific waste category (Appendix). A Digital Receiving Scale was used for all measurements to the nearest one thousandth decimal. All recyclable material and organic material removed from the waste were discarded in appropriate containers for landfill diversion.

At the HMC Campus, Spinnaker sorted, weighed and evaluated over 192 kilograms of organics, 63 kilograms of mixed recycling, and 62 kilograms of waste-to-landfill.

Specific waste categories were established before the audit based on *Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation & Parks* guidelines and industry best practices. Additional categories were added to the list based on the waste composition observed during the audit. This audit surpasses the requirements outlined in the *Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation & Parks <u>Guide to Waste Audits and Waste Reduction Work Plans</u> and includes completed Ministry required audit report forms in the Appendix.*

The annual diversion rate was calculated by adding total recycled with total reused and dividing by the amount of total waste generated. Annual Diversion Rate = (Total Recycled+Total Reused) / (Total Recycled+Total Reused+Total Landfilled).

1.3 OBSERVATIONS

Hazel McCallion (HMC) Campus is a college campus managed by Sheridan College in Mississauga, Ontario. The HMC Campus is the smallest Sheridan College campus in terms of student population and in terms of physical size. The campus has two buildings each comprised of four floors totaling more than 300,000 square feet.

HMC Campus of Sheridan College is committed to its Zero Waste Program: a program guiding the institution to becoming a zero waste campus by 2020. An integral part of the program, the Zero Waste (ZW) stations were introduced to increase waste diversion at Sheridan. These ZW stations have replaced the old waste bins in the public and office areas in all of the three campuses. Three waste streams are provided: Organics, Mixed Recycling, and Waste-to-landfill (see photo). All ZW stations have the same order, colour coding, labeling and signage.

Cleaning of this facility is completed by a team of cleaners who use a cart system for the collection of the ZW bin material from the office staff and students. The different ZW streams are collected daily on an as needs basis. The campus operates 7 days a week with offices open generally 5 days a week during normal business hours while other buildings such as the library are open on weekends with shortened hours. At the time of the audit there were regular classes and no unusual activities taking place in the building that may have altered the audit results.

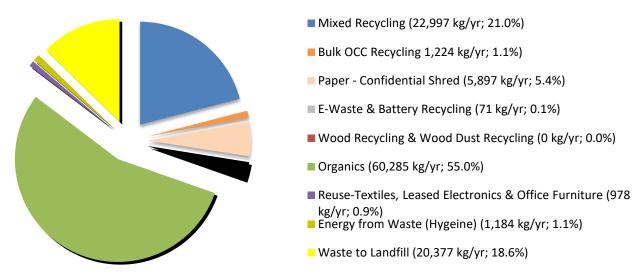


2.0 RESULTS

2.1 WASTE DIVERSION

Analysis of all the specific wastes to be removed from Sheridan College HMC Campus in 2019 reveals that the campus could potentially achieve a waste diversion rate of 81.4% through the existing diversion programs (note: hygiene waste is not considered diversion as it is combusted in an energy from waste (EFW) facility). Figure 1 below shows the weight of the specific wastes being disposed at the campus in 2019 grouped by existing diversion, reuse and waste-to-landfill programs. This figure represents the HMC campus potential for waste diversion using existing programs and assumes a 100% capture rate for all programs.

Figure 1: HMC Campus Waste Generation (81.4%)



The 2019 HMC waste diversion rate is 66.7% which is excellent and approaching the waste generation profile for the Campus. Figure 2 below shows the 2018 weight of material being collected through the existing waste collection programs. Although the final disposition of the electronics in the electronics lease-return program is not known, it is included in the reuse category for the purpose of the 2019 waste audits at Sheridan College.

Figure 2: HMC Campus Waste Diversion (66.7%)

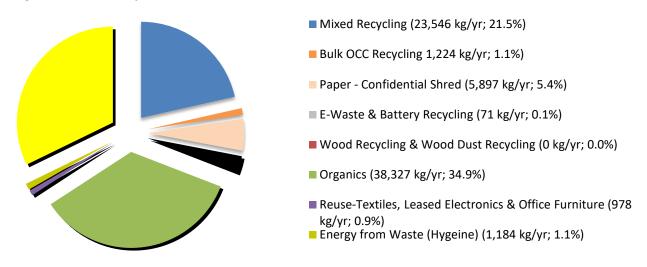


Figure 3 below shows the capture rates by the individual collection programs. The HMC Campus has six diversion programs. Capture rates were calculated as follows: total weight of all divertible material correctly captured by the diversion stream exclusive of contaminants divided by the total weight of all divertible material generated at the campus in any stream.

All diversion programs at HCM Campus are excellent and have excellent results at capturing and diverting waste from landfill. Only the ZW organics and ZW mixed recycling capture rates could be improved through improved sorting behaviour.

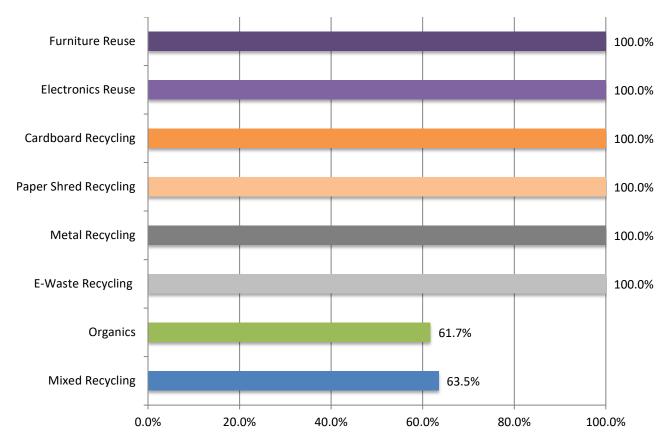


Figure 3: HMC Capture Rates by Collection Program

2.2 MIXED RECYCLING COMPOSITION

The ZW mixed recycling contamination rate was fairly high at 38.1% by weight. The most commonly disposed contaminants (i.e. non-recyclable specific wastes) disposed in the ZW mixed recycling at HMC are presented in the Figure below. Specific wastes are colour coded: green are suitable for ZW organic bin, black are suitable for ZW waste-to-landfill bin and purple are reducible wastes.

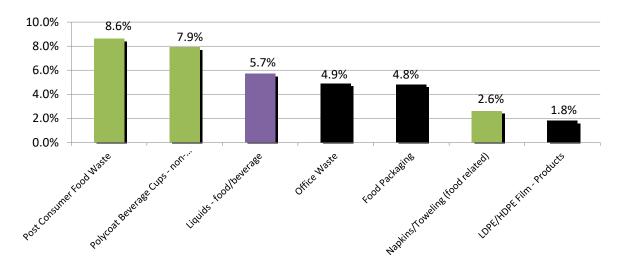


Figure 4: HMC Contaminants in Mixed Recycling (over 1.0% by weight of material stream)

The waste reduction workplan should focus on those contaminants that can with minimal effort and cost be managed to be suitable for inclusion in ZW mixed recycling or eliminated from improper disposal. These include:

- 1. Minimizing post-consumer food waste, polycoat beverage cups and napkins/toweling in mixed recycling through education/signage.
- 2. Encouraging the emptying of beverage containers prior to placement in mixed recycling through a combination of education/signage and placement of emptying stations where practicable.

2.3 ORGANIC COMPOSITION

As in 2018, the contamination rate in the ZW organic bins was significantly lower than in ZW recycling at 2.7% by weight. The most commonly disposed contaminants (i.e. non-organic specific wastes) disposed in the ZW organics bins are polypropylene containers and other food packaging waste. Contamination in the organics stream is so low that it does not warrant any further action at this time.

2.4 WASTE-TO-LANDFILL COMPOSITION

The ZW waste-to-landfill contamination rate was calculated by summing the weight of material that was disposed in waste-to-landfill for which there is a diversion program available on campus divided by the total weight of material disposed in waste-to-landfill. The ZW waste-to-landfill contamination rate was 70.3% - significantly lower than in 2018 when it was 85.1%. This suggests that users are improving in their sorting behaviour and are increasingly sorting mixed food related materials into their respective streams prior to disposing them. The most commonly disposed contaminants (i.e. organic or mixed recyclable wastes) disposed in the ZW waste-to-landfill bins at HMC are presented in the Figure below. Specific wastes are colour coded: blue are suitable for ZW mixed recycling bin, green are suitable for ZW organics bin and purple are reducible.

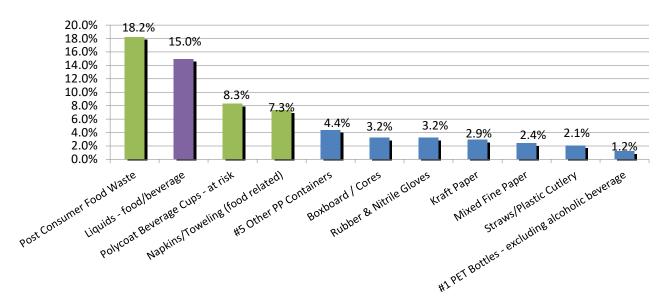


Figure 5: HMC Contaminants in Waste-to-Landfill (over 1.0% by weight of material stream)

Analysis of the ZW waste-to-landfill streams at this campus has indicated that the most significant impediment to improved diversion is the use of the ZW waste-to-landfill bin for the disposal of organic wastes. The waste reduction workplan must focus on those contaminants that can with minimal effort and cost be managed to be suitable for inclusion in ZW organics or eliminated from improper disposal. These include:

- 1. Encouraging the emptying of food waste, polycoat beverage cups and napkins in the organics bin, then the disposal of the food packaging in the appropriate ZW mixed recycling or ZW organics bin through education/signage.
- 2. Encouraging the proper disposal in ZW mixed recycling of #5 polypropylene containers, boxboard/cores, rubber/nitrile gloves, kraft paper, mixed fine paper, straws & plastic cutlery and #1 PET Bottles.
- 3. Encouraging the emptying of beverage containers prior to placement in mixed recycling through a combination of education/signage and placement of emptying stations where practicable.

2.5 ANALYSIS OF ZW BINS BY AREA

For the purpose of identifying opportunities to improve waste diversion, eight areas of distinct waste generation were identified and audited. This sampling did not include every area of the campus. Each area generated a different amount of ZW mixed recycling, organics and mixed waste-to-landfill (Table 1). In order to maximize waste reduction, opportunities should focus on the areas with the lowest diversion rate.

A	Percent By Wei	ght of Material 24-hour Sam		ted During the	
Area	ZW Mixed Recycling ZW Organics ZW Waste- to-landfill Rate				
HMC A - Food Service -	35.3%	21.6%	43.1%	56.9%	

Table 1: HMC Campus ZW Material Diversion Rate by Area

Area	Percent By Weight of Material Stream Generated During th 24-hour Sampling Period					
Area	ZW Mixed Recycling	ZW Organics		ZW Diversion Rate		
HMC A - Food Service - Back of House	13.4%	38.1%	48.5%	51.5%		
HMC A - Faculty of Business Office	64.1%	8.2%	27.8%	72.2%		
HMC A - 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways	42.8%	19.5%	37.7%	62.3%		
HMC B - Food Service - Front of House	35.8%	18.4%	45.7%	54.3%		
HMC B - Food Service - Back of House	20.0%		49.4%	50.6%		
HMC B - 2nd Floor Gallery	39.1%	19.7%	41.3%	58.7%		
HMC B - 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways	26.5%	22.8%	50.8%	49.2%		

The contamination rates for each of the eight areas sampled during the audit were analyzed to identify the best and worst performers. This analysis was done for all three ZW bins streams.

Table 2 below presents the percentage by weight of contaminants in ZW mixed recycling by area sorted to present the best to the worst performers. Areas appearing in red have a ZW contamination rate above the campus average.

Table 2: Percentage of Contaminants in ZW Mixed Recycling by Area: the Best to the Worst Performers

Area	Contaminants in ZW Mixed Recycling
HMC A - 4th Floor Faculty of Business	3.4%
HMC A - Cafeteria Back of House	16.0%
HMC A - Starbucks Back of House	31.6%
HMC A - 3rd & 4th Floor Hallways	35.7%
HMC B - Tim Hortons Back of House	39.1%
HMC A - Cafeteria Front of House	46.8%
HMC B - 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways	47.3%
HMC B - 2nd Floor Gallery	69.1%
Campus-Wide	38.1%

Table 3 below presents the percentage by weight of contaminants in ZW organics by area sorted to present the best to the worst performers. Areas appearing in red have a ZW contamination rate above the campus average.

Table 3: Percentage of Contaminants in ZW Organics by Area: the Worst to the Best Performers

Area	Contaminants in ZW Organics
HMC A - Starbucks Back of House	0.0%
HMC A - Cafeteria Back of House	0.0%
HMC B - Tim Hortons Back of House	0.0%
HMC A - 4th Floor Faculty of Business	10.3%
HMC B - 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways	12.2%
HMC B - 2nd Floor Gallery	18.6%
HMC A - 3rd & 4th Floor Hallways	18.9%
HMC A - Cafeteria Front of House	28.1%
Campus-Wide	3.0%

Table 4 below presents the percentage by weight of contaminants in ZW waste-to-landfill by area sorted to present the worst to the best performers. The average contamination rate of ZW waste-to-landfill at the HMC campus is 70.3%. The average is the sum of the weights of the contaminants in the ZW waste-to-landfill bin in all fourteen areas audited divided by the total amount of ZW waste-to-landfill material sorted.

Table 4: Percentage of Contaminants in ZW Waste-to-Landfill by Area: the Worst to the Best Performers

Area	Contaminants in ZW Waste-to-landfill
HMC A - 4th Floor Faculty of Business	11.2%
HMC A - Starbucks Back of House	51.1%
HMC B - Tim Hortons Back of House	53.9%
HMC A - Cafeteria Back of House	62.8%
HMC A - 3rd & 4th Floor Hallways	70.4%
HMC A - Cafeteria Front of House	86.0%
HMC B - 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways	86.0%
HMC B - 2nd Floor Gallery	90.5%
Campus-Wide	70.3%

For the purpose of identifying the areas where the ZW bin program is underperforming each Area was ranked for:

- 1. Waste Diversion Rate
- 2. ZW Recycling Contamination Rate
- 3. ZW Organics Contamination Rate, and
- 4. ZW Waste-to-Landfill Contamination Rate

Of the Areas audited at HMC in 2019 the best to worst Area for overall ZW bin performance are in order:

- 1. HMC A Starbucks Back of House
- 2. HMC B Tim Hortons Back of House
- 3. HMC A Cafeteria Back of House
- 4. HMC A 4th Floor Faculty of Business
- 5. HMC A 3rd & 4th Floor Hallways

- 6. HMC B 2nd Floor Gallery
- 7. HMC A Cafeteria Front of House
- 8. HMC B 3rd Floor & 4th Floor Hallways

2.6 ALL CAMPUSES: CONTAMINATED LOADS OF DIVERTIBLE MATERIAL

Loads of divertible material that were highly contaminated and re-directed to waste-to-landfill (as noted by the service supplier) was analyzed across the three campuses using the 2018 service data. Contamination of divertible material is a hot topic given waste processors decreasing tolerance for contamination.

Of the three Sheridan Campuses, HMC Campus had the lowest rate of dedicated recycling material being rejected and disposed as waste-to-landfill. Only 1.6% of all the waste-to-landfill at the HMC Campus could have been diverted had the contamination rate been lower.

Table 5: Contaminated Recycling: All Campuses

	Trafalgar (kg/a)	Davis (kg/a)	HMC (kg/a)
Waste-to-Landfill (dedicated)	317,094	203,152	34,766
Contaminated Recycling	44,586	14,720	572
Total Waste-to-Landfill	361,680	217,872	35,338
Percent of Waste-to-Landfill that is Contaminated Recycling	12.3%	6.8%	1.6%

Almost all contaminated loads at the Campuses were ZW mixed recycling that were too contaminated though there were a few contaminated loads of contaminated wood.

2.7 HMC CAMPUS: COFFEE CUP MANAGEMENT OVER TIME

Although all polycoat cups were considered suitable for the green bin program for the purpose of this audit, polycoat cups suitable for diversion programs is changing. Consequently coffee cups were classified as currently suitable for Sheridan's green bin program "green bin suitable" and at-risk of being excluded from Sheridan's green bin program in the future "at risk". This minor classification was done so that Sheridan management may be kept aware of how polycoat cup disposition changes may impact its existing polycoat cup diversion program. It is important to note that Campus compliance with disposing of coffee cups in the "signed" organic receptacles is not improving: in 2017, 34.8% of cups were captured in the green bin program and in 2019, 25.5% of cups were captured in the green bin program.

At the HMC Campus, the waste reduction workplan should include:

1. A rethink of the coffee cup program at the three campuses to ensure the program is future-looking, flexible, efficient and effective.

3.0 SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS

Campus Wide Focus:

Sheridan HMC campus has an excellent combination of diversion programs that address the divertible materials generated at the campus. Consequently, future waste diversion improvements will likely come from enhancing compliance with the three stream ZW bins across campus. Sheridan should continue to assess and identify barriers to sorting and develop area-specific action plans to increase participation.

Specific Recommendations:

- 1. Enhancing Food Waste, Polycoat Cup, Coffee Cup Trays and Napkins Capture Rate Throughout the Campus: 11,980 kg/year of food waste, polycoat cups and napkins are being disposed in waste-to-landfill. Though this is a significant improvement from 2018, Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper disposal in organics of food waste and napkins through education/signage. Consider a campaign to encourage sorting behaviour using a multi-media approach and consider 'branding' the campaign. Engage and challenge environmental studies students to design the campaign and develop a multi-media approach/roll-out. Promote HMC as the best performing Sheridan campus in diversion performance and challenge the campus community to keep up the good work. Expected improvement in capture rate of 20%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 2,396 kg per year (20% of organic improperly disposed across the campus).
- 2. Enhancing Mixed Recycling Capture Rate Throughout the Campus: 7,569 kg/year of recycling is being disposed in waste-to-landfill. Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper disposal in mixed recycling of: #5 polypropylene containers (cold drink cups), boxboard/cores, rubber/nitrile gloves, kraft paper, mixed fine paper, straws & plastic cutlery and #1 PET Bottles through education/signage. Though recycling capture rates have improved over time, Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper sorting of materials. Consider a campaign to encourage sorting behaviour using a multi-media approach and consider 'branding' the campaign. Engage and challenge environmental studies students to design the campaign and develop a multi-media approach/roll-out. Promote HMC as the best performing Sheridan campus in diversion performance and challenge the campus community to keep up the good work. Expected improvement in capture rate of 20%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 1,523 kg per year (20% of mixed recycling improperly disposed across the campus).
- 3. **Emptying Beverage Containers:** Continue to encourage the emptying of beverage containers prior to placement in mixed recycling through a combination of education/signage and placement of emptying stations where practicable. Consider launching a campaign. Anticipated reduction in disposal of liquids in any stream: 40%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 2,114 kg per year as well as a significant reduction in contamination in the mixed recycling and organic streams.
- 4. Reducing Contamination in the ZW Collection Programs at Targeted Underperforming Areas:

 Sheridan should continue to identify behavioural and structural issues and opportunities to improve material sorting, with particular focus in Hallways, Galleries and Cafeteria Front of House where sorting is particularly poor. Estimating the impact of targeted area programs on waste diversion is beyond the scope of this study as not all areas of the Campus were audited in 2019.

- 5. Monitoring the Coffee Cup Program: More and more cups are being considered not compostable all the while Sheridan's population continues haphazardly dispose of coffee cups largely in waste-to-landfill and organics, but also with significant disposal in recycling. Coffee cup types and disposition (compostable vs. non-compostable) is in flux. Consider developing a strategy to manage coffee cups at the three campuses to ensure the coffee cup program is future-looking, flexible, efficient and effective. Impact on waste diversion cannot be quantified at this time as it is strategy dependent.
- 6. Capturing & Reporting Material Weights for All Diversion Programs at the Campus: Sheridan has made significant progress in reporting material diversion streams since 2015 however there may be other diversion programs in place at the Campus but the weight-based data is not currently captured for reporting purposes (Examples Electronics Reuse and Office Furniture Donation). Sheridan should continue to conduct an inventory of all diversion programs, with particular focus on reduction and reuse programs, and should ensure there are procedures in place to collect, monitor and report on these programs.

Anticipated Result:

With the implementation of the above noted waste reduction plans, it is estimated that the waste diversion rate at the HMC Campus will increase from 66.7% to 72.2% and the Campus will divert an additional 6,033kg per year of waste from landfill in 2020.

APPENDICES

GLOSSARY OF WASTE TERMS

In order to reduce potential confusion that may arise from the use of terms in this report, the following is a brief description of the waste and waste diversion terms.

TOTAL WASTE GENERATED

Total waste generated refers to all materials generated by the Facility's operations.

Total Waste Generated = Waste Disposed + Material Recovered From 3Rs Programs

RECOVERED WASTE

Recovered waste refers to materials diverted from the Facility's waste stream and from landfill as a result of 3Rs Programs.

CAPTURE RATES

Recycling rates for the Facility's 3Rs Programs based on the amount of material recovered versus the amount of the same material disposed into the waste stream.

Capture Rate = Recycled or Reused Material / (Material Disposed + Recycled or Reused)

ANNUAL DIVERSION RATE

The Facility's annual diversion rate is the percentage of waste material that it diverts from landfill versus what it generates in total.

Annual Diversion Rate = 3Rs Programs / Total Waste Generated

ONTARIO'S 60% REDUCTION TARGET

The *Ontario Ministry of Environment & Climate Change's* 60% reduction target is a comparison between a Facility's current year waste-to-landfill figure and a figure obtained from an earlier base year.

60% Reduction Target = (Waste Disposed 2018 - Waste Disposed Base Year 2012) / Waste Disposed Base Year 2012

SPECIFIC WASTE CATEGORIES & WASTE AUDIT DATA (HMC CAMPUS)

The following is the list of specific wastes, the associated appropriate waste management collection program, and the amount by weight generated per year and disposed by collection program at the HMC Campus in 2019. The specific wastes are listed alphabetically.

Specific Waste Category	Acceptable in Collection Program	All Streams (kg/yr)	ZW Mixed Recycling (kg/yr)	ZW Organics (kg/yr)	Other / Bulk Recycling (kg/yr	Reuse (kg/yr	Disposal (kg/yr)
#1 PET - clear thermoform packaging	Mixed Recycling	74	14	0	0	0	60
#1 PET - other thermoform (coloured)	Mixed Recycling	16	8	0	0	0	7
#1 PET Bottles - excluding alcoholic beverage	Mixed Recycling	1,751	1,287	36	0	0	429
#2 HDPE Bottles and Jugs	Mixed Recycling	392	275	0	0	0	117
#2 Other HDPE Containers	Mixed Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
#5 Other PP Containers	Mixed Recycling	2,991	1,241	202	0	0	1,549
#6 PS - Expanded polystyrene	Waste	218	60	133	0	0	26
#6 PS - Non-expanded - all other	Mixed Recycling	1,277	1,135	31	0	0	111
#7 Other Plastics	Mixed Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aluminum beverage - alcohol	Alcohol Beverage Container Reuse	19	0	0	0	0	19
Aluminum Foil & Foil Trays	Mixed Recycling	76	27	33	0	0	16
Aluminum Food & Other Beverage Cans	Mixed Recycling	264	225	30	0	0	9
Aseptic Containers - (excluding alcoholic beverages)	Mixed Recycling	283	204	9	0	0	70
Batteries	Battery Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boxboard / Cores	Mixed Recycling	2,713	1,408	160	0	0	1,145
Clear Glass Other Beverage and Food	Mixed Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clothing/Textiles	Dropbox/Textile Reuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coffee Grinds	Organics	2,451	0	2,451	0	0	0
Coffee pods	Waste	0	0	0	0	0	0
Confidential Paper - Paper Shred	Paper Shred Recycling	5,897	0	0	5,897	0	0
Corrugated Cardboard - Bulk	Cardboard Recycling	1,224	0	0	1,224	0	0
Corrugated Cardboard - Loose	Mixed Recycling	520	520	0	0	0	0
Diapers	Waste	0	0	0	0	0	0
Electronics	E-Waste Recycling & Reuse	321	0	0	71	250	0
Feminine Hygiene Products	Hygiene Waste*	2,368*	0	0	0	0	1,184*
Food packaging	Waste	3,466	1,139	164	0	0	2,163
Furniture & Bulky Items	Furniture Reuse	728	0	0	0	728	0
Gable Top Containers	Mixed Recycling	393	237	14	0	0	142
Glass - Clear Other Beverage and Food	Mixed Recycling	374	374	0	0	0	0
Glass - Clear Alcoholic Beverage	Mixed Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kraft Paper	Mixed Recycling	1,673	550	86	0	0	1,037
Laminated Paper Packaging	Waste	0	0	0	0	0	0
Large HDPE & PP Pails & Lids	Mixed Recycling	319	319	0	0	0	0

Specific Waste Category	Acceptable in Collection Program	All Streams (kg/yr)	ZW Mixed Recycling (kg/yr)	ZW Organics (kg/yr)	Other / Bulk Recycling (kg/yr	Reuse (kg/yr	Disposal (kg/yr)
LDPE/HDPE Film - Products (non- packaging)	Waste	1,483	415	11	0	0	1,057
Liquids - food/beverage	Organics	6,621	1,335	0	0	0	5,286
Maintenance Waste	Waste	1,165	237	1	0	0	927
Metal - Bulk	Metal Recycling	3,130	0	0	3,130	0	0
Mixed Fine Paper	Mixed Recycling	6,783	5,846	91	0	0	846
Molded Pulp/Fibre	Organics or Mixed Recycling	542	269	113	0	0	160
Napkins/Toweling (food related)	Organics	3,608	601	416	0	0	2,592
Newspaper – Dailys and Weeklys	Mixed Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Office Waste	Waste	6,839	1,156	4	0	0	5,679
Other Metal	Mixed Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Non-Recyclable Material	Waste	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Paper	Mixed Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Paper Straws	Organics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parchment Paper	Waste	763	127	0	0	0	635
Polycoat Beverage Cups - suitable for green bin	Organics	5	5	0	0	0	0
Polycoat Beverage Cups - at risk	Organics	6,444	1,858	1,643	0	0	2,943
Post Consumer Food Waste	Organics	41,156	2,028	32,684	0	0	6,444
Rubber & Nitrile Gloves	Mixed Recycling	1,177	38	0	0	0	1,139
Spiral Wound Containers	Waste	0	0	0	0	0	0
Steel Food & Other Beverage Cans	Mixed Recycling	509	509	0	0	0	0
Straws/Plastic Cutlery	Mixed Recycling	851	100	20	0	0	732
Tissue/Toweling (cleaning related)	Waste	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tissue/Toweling (washroom related)	Organics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wood	Wood Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wood Dust	Wood Dust Recycling	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Grand Total	110,884	23,546	38,330	10,322	978	36,524

^{*}Feminine hygiene products are collected separately from ZW waste-to-landfill however the collected waste is combusted in an energy-from-waste facility so it is included as "disposal" for the purpose of calculating waste diversion

MECP WASTE FORM: REPORT OF A WASTE AUDIT (HMC)

Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Establishments As required by O. Reg. 102/94

This report must be prepared 6 months after becoming subject to O. Reg. 102/94 and a copy retained on file for at least five years after it is prepared, and be made available to the ministry upon request. For large construction and demolition projects, please refer to the forms included with "A Guide to Waste Audits and Waste Reduction Work Plans for Construction and Demolition Projects as Required Under Ontario Regulation 102/94" (revised July 2008).

I. General Information (HMC)

Name of Owner and/or Operator of Entity(ies) and Company Name:						
Sheridan College Institute of Technology and Advanced Learning						
Name of Contact Person:	Telephone #:	Email address:				
Wai Chu Cheng	905 845 9430	Waichu.cheng@sheridancollege.ca				
Street Address(es) of Entity(ies):						
HMC Campus of Sheridan College	HMC Campus of Sheridan College					
Municipality:						
Mississauga, ON Canada						
Type of entity						
Educational Institution						

Note: O. Reg. 102/94 does not apply to multi-unit residential buildings.

II.Description of Entity (HMC)

Provide a brief overview of the entity(ties):

This waste audit was conducted in April 2019 at the HMC Campus of Sheridan College. The campus has two buildings each comprised of four floors totaling more than 300,000 square feet.

The Zero Waste streams which include mixed recycling, organics and waste-to-landfill were audited for the purpose of identifying current diversion rates by specific waste category and to calculate contamination rates. A 24-hour sample of organics, mixed recycling and waste-to-landfill was sorted and weighed in each of the 8 areas audited. Weight based generation information from 2018 for the waste and diversion programs were obtained from the service provider(s) and were used in the calculation of diversion rates.

At the time of the audit, the campus had fully implemented the following collection programs:

- 1. ZW Mixed Recycling (includes glass, metal, paper, plastic)
- 2. ZW Organics
- 3. ZW Waste to Landfill
- 4. Bulk Old Corrugated Cardboard (OCC) Recycling
- 5. Paper Shred (Confidential) Recycling
- 6. Metal Recycling
- 7. E-Waste Recycling
- 8. Electronic Equipment Lease-Return (new 2019)
- 9. Office Furniture Reuse Event(s) (new 2019)
- 10. Hygiene Waste Energy from Waste (EFW) Program

III. How Waste is Produced And Decisions Affecting the Production of Waste (HMC)

For each category of waste that is produced at the how management decisions and policies will affect	entity(ies), explain how the waste will be produced and
Categories of Waste	How Is the Waste Produced and What Management Decisions/Policies Affect Its Production?
#1 PET - clear thermoform packaging	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students
#1 PET - other thermoform (coloured)	Minimal amounts generated on campus
#1 PET Bottles - excluding alcoholic beverage	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students. ZW water bottle refill stations installed to reduce PET water bottle generation/disposal.
#2 HDPE Bottles and Jugs	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students
#2 Other HDPE Containers	Minimal amounts generated on campus
#5 Other PP Containers	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students
#6 PS - Expanded polystyrene	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students
#6 PS - Non-expanded - all other	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students
#7 Other Plastics	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Aluminum beverage - alcohol	Alcohol is not available for sale on campus. Alcoholic beverage containers brought to campus by students, visitors and others.
Aluminum Foil & Foil Trays	Small quantities generated on campus and should be included in the ZW recycling program.
Aluminum Food & Other Beverage Cans	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students
Aseptic Containers - (excluding alcoholic	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
beverages)	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to campus by staff/faculty and students
Batteries	Minimal amounts generated in campus. Should be included in battery recycling program.
Boxboard / Cores	Generated all over the campus as a packaging material for food products, office products and class material supplies.
Clear Glass Other Beverage and Food	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Clothing/Textiles	Minimal amounts generated on campus.

Coffee Grinds	Generated in Starbucks area and captured in organics
Correc Grinus	program.
Coffee pods	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Confidential Paper - Paper Shred	Generated across campus in offices and captured for
- Communication of a policy in the	shredding and recycling.
Corrugated Cardboard - Bulk	Generated in receiving area through delivery. Almost all
	captured in bulk recycling program.
Corrugated Cardboard - Loose	Generated across campus. Almost all captured in
2000	recycling program.
Diapers	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Electronics	Generated throughout campus and suitable for the E-
	waste recycling program or electronics reuse (lease)
	program.
Feminine Hygiene Products	Generated across campus in washrooms. Material
,,,	collected for diversion from landfill (incineration).
Food packaging	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Gable Top Containers	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Glass - Clear Other Beverage and Food	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Glass - Clear Alcoholic Beverage	Alcohol is not available for sale on campus. Alcoholic
	beverage containers brought to campus by students,
	visitors and others.
Kraft Paper	Paper products generated through campus activities.
	Most generated in printing and photocopying areas.
Laminated Paper Packaging	Minimal amounts generated on campus
Large HDPE & PP Pails & Lids	Minimal amounts generated on campus suitable for
	inclusion in the ZW recycling program.
LDPE/HDPE Film - Products (non-packaging)	Minimal amounts generated on campus
Liquids - food/beverage	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Maintenance Waste	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Metal - Bulk	Generated in receiving and maintenance areas. Well
	captured by bulk metal recycling program.
Mixed Fine Paper	Paper products generated through campus activities.
	Most generated in printing and photocopying areas.
Molded Pulp/Fibre	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Napkins/Toweling (food related)	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Newspaper – Dailys and Weeklys	Available for sale at Campus. Most should be captured in

	the ZW mixed recycling.
Office Waste	Generated in offices and classrooms around campus.
	Disposed as waste.
Other Metal	Minimal amounts generated on campus and suitable for
	inclusion in ZW recycling program.
Other Non-Recyclable Material	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Other Paper	Minimal amounts generated on campus
Paper Straws	None generated on campus.
Parchment Paper	Generated in Tim Hortons area where it is disposed in
	waste-to-landfill.
Polycoat Beverage Cups - suitable for green bin	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Polycoat Beverage Cups - at risk of exclusion	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Post Consumer Food Waste	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Rubber & Nitrile Gloves	Generated in cafeterias across campus. Suitable for
	inclusion in the ZW recycling program.
Spiral Wound Containers	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Steel Food & Other Beverage Cans	Food packaging, beverage containers and organic waste is
	available for sale at Campus cafeteria and is brought to
	campus by staff/faculty and students
Straws/Plastic Cutlery	Minimal amounts generated in cafeterias across campus.
	Suitable for inclusion in the ZW recycling program though
	much disposed in waste-to-landfill.
Tissue/Toweling (cleaning related)	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Tissue/Toweling (washroom related)	Minimal amounts generated on campus.
Wood	Not generated at HMC Campus
Wood Dust	Not generated at HMC Campus.

Note: When completing this form, write "n/a" in the columns where the entity will not produce any waste for a category of waste.

IV. Management of Waste (HMC)

how each item will be managed at t	•	rill be disposed or reused/recycled and
Category	Waste to be Disposed	Reused or Recycled Waste
#1 PET - clear thermoform	·	Should be included in ZW Recycling
packaging		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
#1 PET - other thermoform		Should be included in ZW Recycling
(coloured)		Bin Program though some may end
,		up in landfill
#1 PET Bottles - excluding		Should be included in ZW Recycling
alcoholic beverage		Bin Program though some may end
G		up in landfill. Reduction in PET water
		bottles through installation of
		reusable water bottle filling stations.
#2 HDPE Bottles and Jugs		Should be included in ZW Recycling
C		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
#2 Other HDPE Containers		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
#5 Other PP Containers		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
#6 PS - Expanded polystyrene	Generated across campus. No	
	diversion program currently	
	available.	
#6 PS - Non-expanded - all other		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
#7 Other Plastics		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
Aluminum beverage - alcohol		Alcohol is not available for sale on
		campus. Alcoholic beverage
		containers brought to campus by
		students, visitors and others. Should
		be included in ZW Recycling Bin
		Program though some may end up ir
		landfill.
Aluminum Foil & Foil Trays		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
Aluminum Food & Other Beverage		Should be included in ZW Recycling
Cans		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
Aseptic Containers - (excluding		Should be included in ZW Recycling

alcoholic beverages)		Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Batteries		Should be included in E-Recycling or
Boxboard / Cores		captured during E-Recycling Events. Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Clear Glass Other Beverage and Food		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Clothing/Textiles		None generated at this campus.
Coffee Grinds		Little generated. Should be included in ZW Organics Bin Program.
Coffee pods	Little generated and no diversion program currently available.	
Confidential Paper - Paper Shred		Well captured in paper shred recycling
Corrugated Cardboard - Bulk		Well captured in OCC bulk recycling program.
Corrugated Cardboard - Loose		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bins throughout the campus, though some may end up in landfill
Diapers	Small quantities generated on campus and disposed as waste.	
Electronics		Should be included in E-Recycling, captured during E-Recycling Events or included in the Electronics Reuse (lease) program.
Feminine Hygiene Products	Generated across campus in washrooms. Material collected for diversion from landfill. Material is sent to Energy-from-Waste facility.	,,,
Food packaging	Generated across campus and no diversion program currently available.	
Gable Top Containers		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Glass - Clear Other Beverage and Food		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Glass - Clear Alcoholic Beverage		Alcohol is not available for sale on campus. Alcoholic beverage containers brought to campus by students, visitors and others. Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in

		landfill.
Kraft Paper		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Laminated Paper Packaging	Little generated and no diversion program currently available.	
Large HDPE & PP Pails & Lids		Little generated and should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program
LDPE/HDPE Film - Products (non- packaging)	Little generated and no diversion program currently available.	
Liquids - food/beverage		Should be included in ZW Organics Bin Program though much ends up in landfill
Maintenance Waste	Little generated and no diversion program currently available.	
Metal - Bulk		Generated in receiving and maintenance areas. Well captured by bulk metal recycling program.
Mixed Fine Paper		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Molded Pulp/Fibre		Should be included in ZW Organics or ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Napkins/Toweling (food related)		Should be included in ZW Organics Bin Program though much ends up in landfill
Newspaper – Dailys and Weeklys		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Office Waste	No diversion program currently available.	
Other Metal		Should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program though some may end up in landfill
Other Non-Recyclable Material	Little generated and no diversion program currently available.	
Other Paper		Little generated and should be included in ZW Recycling Bin Program
Paper Straws		Little generated and should be included in ZW Organics Bin Program
Parchment Paper	No diversion program currently available.	
Polycoat Beverage Cups - suitable for green bin		Compostable and non-compostable cup identification and disposition is not clear at this time. Current direction: should be included in ZW Organics Bin Program though much

		ends up in landfill.
Polycoat Beverage Cups - at risk of		Compostable and non-compostable
exclusion		cup identification and disposition is
		not clear at this time. Current
		direction: should be included in ZW
		Organics Bin Program though much
		ends up in landfill.
Post Consumer Food Waste		Should be included in ZW Organics
		Bin Program though much ends up in
		landfill
Rubber & Nitrile Gloves		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
Spiral Wound Containers	Little generated and no diversion	
	program currently available.	
Steel Food & Other Beverage Cans		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
Straws/Plastic Cutlery		Should be included in ZW Recycling
		Bin Program though some may end
		up in landfill
Tissue/Toweling (cleaning related)	Little generated. Should be	
	included in waste-to-landfill	
Tissue/Toweling (washroom		Should be included in ZW organics
related)		program though most ends up in
		waste-to-landfill
Wood		Not generated at HMC Campus.
Wood Dust		Not generated at HMC Campus.

Wood Dust

Note: When completing this form, write "n/a" in the columns where the entity will not produce any waste for a category of waste.

V. Estimated Quantity of Waste Produced Annually – HMC

	Estimated Amount of Waste Produced (kgs)											
	Generated			Reused			Recycled			Disposed		
Categories of Waste	"A" Base Year 2012 (kg)	"B" * Current Year (kg)	"C" * Change (A-B) (kg)	"A" Base Year 2012 (kg)	"B" * Curr ent Year (kg)	"C" * Chang e (A-B) (kg)	"A" Base Year 2012 (kg)	"B" * Current Year (kg)	"C" * Change (A-B) (kg)	"A" Base Year 2012 (kg)	"B" * Current Year (kg)	"C" * Change (A-B) (kg)
Cans/bottles/plastics (2012 grouping)	7,680	0	-7,680	0	0	0	6,710	0	-6,710	970	0	-970
Paper products (2012 grouping)	10,150	0	-10,150	0	0	0	10,070	0	-10,070	80	0	-80
Other Non-Recyclable Material (2012 grouping)	16,730	0	-16,730	0	0	0	0	0	0	16,730	0	-16,730
#1 PET - clear thermoform packaging	0	74	74	0	0	0	0	14	14	0	60	60
#1 PET - other thermoform (coloured)	0	16	16	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	7	7
#1 PET Bottles - excluding alcoholic beverage	0	1,751	1,751	0	0	0	0	1,322	1,322	0	429	429
#2 HDPE Bottles and Jugs	0	392	392	0	0	0	0	275	275	0	117	117
#2 Other HDPE Containers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
#5 Other PP Containers	0	2,991	2,991	0	0	0	0	1,442	1,442	0	1,549	1,549
#6 PS - Expanded polystyrene	0	218	218	0	0	0	0	193	193	0	26	26

#6 PS - Non-expanded	0	1,277	1,277	0	0	0	0	1,166	1,166	0	111	111
- all other		,	,									
#7 Other Plastics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aluminum beverage - alcohol	0	19	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	19
Aluminum Foil & Foil Trays	0	76	76	0	0	0	0	60	60	0	16	16
Aluminum Food & Other Beverage Cans	0	264	264	0	0	0	0	255	255	0	9	9
Aseptic Containers - (excluding alcoholic beverages)	0	283	283	0	0	0	0	213	213	0	70	70
Batteries	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boxboard / Cores	0	2,713	2,713	0	0	0	0	1,568	1,568	0	1,145	1,145
Clear Glass Other Beverage and Food	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clothing/Textiles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coffee Grinds	0	2,451	2,451	0	0	0	0	2,451	2,451	0	0	0
Coffee pods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Confidential Paper - Paper Shred	0	5,897	5,897	0	0	0	0	5,897	5,897	0	0	0
Corrugated Cardboard - Bulk	4,680	1,224	-3,456	0	0	0	0	1,224	1,224	0	0	0
Corrugated Cardboard - Loose	(incl in bulk)	520		0	0	0	0	520	520	0	0	0
Diapers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Electronics	0	321	321	0	250	250	0	71	71	0	0	0
Feminine Hygiene Products	0	1,184	1,184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,184	1,184
Food packaging	0	3,466	3,466	0	0	0	0	1,303	1,303	0	2,163	2,163
Furniture & Bulky	0	728	728	0	728	728	0	0	0	0	0	0

					1						
0	393	393	0	0	0	0	251	251	0	142	142
n	374	374	0	n	0	0	374	374	0	0	0
0	374	374		Ŭ	Ů	Ů	374	374	Ŭ	Ü	
n	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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0	1,673	1,673	0	0	0	0	636	636	0	1,037	1,037
0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	O	U	U
0	210	210	0	0	0	0	210	210	0	0	0
0	319	319	U	U	U	U	319	319	O	U	U
0	1,483	1,483	0	0	0	0	426	426	0	1,057	1,057
0	6 621	6 621	0	0	0	0	1 225	1 225	0	5 286	5,286
0	0,021	0,021	U	U	U	U	1,333	1,555	0	3,200	3,200
0	1,165	1,165	0	0	0	0	238	238	0	927	927
0	3,130	3,130	0	0	0	0	3,130	3,130	0	0	0
0	6,783	6,783	0	0	0	0	5,937	5,937	0	846	846
0	542	542	0	0	0	0	382	382	0	160	160
0	2.000	2.600	0	0	0	0	1.017	1.017	0	2.502	2 502
U	3,608	3,608	0	0	0	U	1,017	1,017	U	2,592	2,592
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
U	U	U	0	0	0	U	U	0	U	U	U
0	6,839	6,839	0	0	0	0	1,160	1,160	0	5,679	5,679
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	^		_					_		^	
U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	763	763	0	0	0	0	127	127	0	635	635
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 374 0 0 0 1,673 0 0 0 319 0 1,483 0 6,621 0 1,165 0 3,130 0 6,783 0 542 0 3,608 0 0 0 6,839 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 1,483 1,483 0 6,621 6,621 0 1,165 1,165 0 3,130 3,130 0 6,783 6,783 0 542 542 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 6,839 6,839 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 542 542 0 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td< td=""><td>0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td><td>0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td><td>0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td><td>0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 636 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 426 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 0 426 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 3,593 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0</td><td>0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 426 426 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 0 426 426 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 238 238 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 382 382 0 3,608 3,608</td><td>0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 636 636 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 426 426 0 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 1,335 1,335 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 238 238 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0</td><td>0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td></td<>	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 636 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 426 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 0 426 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 3,593 0 3,608 3,608 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 0 426 426 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 0 426 426 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 238 238 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0 0 382 382 0 3,608 3,608	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,673 1,673 0 0 0 0 636 636 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 0 0 319 319 0 0 1,483 1,483 0 0 0 426 426 0 0 6,621 6,621 0 0 0 1,335 1,335 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 238 238 0 0 1,165 1,165 0 0 0 0 3,130 3,130 0 0 6,783 6,783 0 0 0	0 374 374 0 0 0 0 374 374 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Polycoat Beverage												
Cups - suitable for green bin	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	0	0
Polycoat Beverage Cups - at risk	0	6,444	6,444	0	0	0	0	3,501	3,501	810	2,943	2,133
Post Consumer Food Waste	810	41,156	40,346	0	0	0	0	34,712	34,712	0	6,444	6,444
Rubber & Nitrile Gloves	0	1,177	1,177	0	0	0	0	38	38	0	1,139	1,139
Spiral Wound Containers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Steel Food & Other Beverage Cans	0	509	509	0	0	0	0	509	509	0	0	0
Straws/Plastic Cutlery	0	851	851	0	0	0	0	119	119	0	732	732
Tissue/Toweling (cleaning related)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tissue/Toweling (washroom related)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wood Dust	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FACILITY WIDE TOTALS	40,050	109,700	69,650	0	978	978	16,780	72,198	55,418	18,590	36,524	17,934
Percent Change (total C ÷ total A x 100) from Base Year:	173.9%		-			330.3%		96.5%				
2019 Current year Diversion Rate:	66.7%											

Note: When completing this form, write "n/a" in the "Estimated Amount of Waste Produced" column where the entity will not produce any waste for a category of waste.

- Fill out these columns each year following the initial waste audit or baseline year to determine the progress that is being made by your waste reduction program.
- Specific waste categories appearing in RED were ones employed during 2012 base audit

VI. Extent to Which Materials or Products Used Or Sold By the Entity Consist of Recycled or Reused Materials or Products (HMC)

	se answer the following questions	(and please attach any additional pa	age(s) as required):
		ry in place that promotes the purcha and/or reused materials or products	
	Natural Step as follows: "We mus of nature and natural processes (utlines one of its principles that is ba it eliminate our contributions to the e.g. overharvesting forests, destroyinents, the contractors are required toosals.	systematic physical degradation ng habitat and overfishing)".
•	recycled or reused materials or post- * Information regarding materials	s or products "sold" that consist of revner(s) of retail shopping establishm	ecycled or reused materials or
	It is in Sheridan College's long-ter	m plan.	
I h	ereby certify that the information p	provided in this Report of Waste Aug	dit is complete and correct.

MECP WASTE FORM: REPORT OF A WASTE REDUCTION WORK PLAN (HMC)

Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Establishments As required by O. Reg. 102/94

This report must be prepared 6 months after becoming subject to O. Reg. 102/94 and a copy retained on file for at least five years after it is prepared, and be made available to the ministry upon request.

I. General Information (HMC)

Name of Owner and/or Operator of Entity(ies) and Company Name:								
Sheridan College Institute of Technology and Advanced Learning								
Name of Contact Person:	Telephone #:	Email address:						
Wai Chu Cheng	905 845 9430	Waichu.cheng@sheridancollege.ca						
Street Address(es) of Entity(ies):								
HMC Campus of Sheridan College								
Municipality:								
Mississauga, ON Canada								
Type of entity								
Educational Institution								

Note: O. Reg. 102/94 does not apply to multi-unit residential buildings.

II.Description of Entity (HMC)

Provide a brief overview of the entity(ties):

This waste audit was conducted in April 2019 at the HMC Campus of Sheridan College. The campus has two buildings each comprised of four floors totaling more than 300,000 square feet.

The Zero Waste streams which include mixed recycling, organics and waste-to-landfill were audited for the purpose of identifying current diversion rates by specific waste category and to calculate contamination rates. A 24-hour sample of organics, mixed recycling and waste-to-landfill was sorted and weighed in each of the 8 areas audited. Weight based generation information from 2018 for the waste and diversion programs were obtained from the service provider(s) and were used in the calculation of diversion rates.

At the time of the audit, the campus had fully implemented the following collection programs:

- 1. ZW Mixed Recycling (includes glass, metal, paper, plastic)
- 2. ZW Organics
- 3. ZW Waste to Landfill
- 4. Bulk Old Corrugated Cardboard (OCC) Recycling
- 5. Paper Shred (Confidential) Recycling
- 6. Metal Recycling
- 7. E-Waste Recycling
- 8. Electronic Equipment Lease-Return (new 2019)
- 9. Office Furniture Reuse Event(s) (new 2019)
- 10. Hygiene Waste Energy from Waste (EFW) Program

For each category of	waste described in Part V of "Report of a Waste Audit" (on which this plan is based),
explain what your pla	ins are to Reduce, Reuse and Recycle the waste, including: 1) how the waste will be
source separated at t	he establishment, and 2) the programs to reduce, reuse and recycle all source
separated waste.	
#1 PET - clear	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
thermoform	through education/signage.
packaging	
#1 PET - other	Little generated.
thermoform	
(coloured)	
#1 PET Bottles -	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
excluding alcoholic	through education/signage.
beverage	
#2 HDPE Bottles	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
and Jugs	through education/signage.
#2 Other HDPE	Little generated.
Containers	
#5 Other PP	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Containers	through education/signage.
#6 PS - Expanded	Little generated. Should be disposed in ZW waste-to-landfill.
polystyrene	
#6 PS - Non-	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
expanded - all other	through education/signage.
#7 Other Plastics	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
	through education/signage.
Aluminum beverage	Little generated. Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW
- alcohol	mixed recycling bin through education/signage.
Aluminum Foil &	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Foil Trays	through education/signage.
Aluminum Food &	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Other Beverage	through education/signage.
Cans	
Aseptic Containers -	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
(excluding alcoholic	through education/signage.
beverages)	
Batteries	Most captured through E-recycling programs.
Boxboard / Cores	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
	through education/signage.
Clear Glass Other	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Beverage and Food	through education/signage.
Clothing/Textiles	Little generated.
Coffee Grinds	Little generated.
Coffee pods	Little generated. Should be disposed in ZW waste-to-landfill.
Confidential Paper -	Well captured in recycling program. No action required.
Paper Shred	Wen captaired in recycling program. No action required.
rapei silleu	

Corrugated	Well captured in recycling program. No action required.
Cardboard - Bulk	
Corrugated	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Cardboard - Loose	through education/signage.
Diapers	Little generated.
Electronics	Well captured in E-Waste recycling and Electronics Reuse (lease) programs.
Feminine Hygiene	Continue to capture for energy from waste. Research diversion options that are
Products	higher use than incineration.
Food packaging	Little generated.
Gable Top	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Containers	through education/signage.
Glass - Clear Other	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Beverage and Food	through education/signage.
Glass - Clear	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Alcoholic Beverage	through education/signage.
Kraft Paper	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
	through education/signage.
Laminated Paper	Little generated.
Packaging	
Large HDPE & PP	Little generated. Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW
Pails & Lids	mixed recycling bin through education/signage.
LDPE/HDPE Film -	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW waste-to-landfill bin
Products (non-	through education/signage.
packaging)	
Liquids -	Staff/students will be encouraged to empty then recycle containers
food/beverage	education/signage.
Maintenance Waste	Little generated.
Metal - Bulk	No action required.
Mixed Fine Paper	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin through education/signage.
Molded Pulp/Fibre	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW organic or ZW mixed recycling bin through education/signage.
Napkins/Toweling	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW organics bin through
(food related)	education/signage.
Newspaper – Dailys	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
and Weeklys	through education/signage.
Office Waste	Little generated.
Other Metal	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
	through education/signage.
Other Non-	Little generated.
Recyclable Material	
Other Paper	Little generated.
Paper Straws	None generated.
Parchment Paper	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW waste-to-landfill bin
	through education/signage.
Polycoat Beverage	Polycoat cups suitable for organics program though polycoat cup acceptance by
Cups - suitable for	recyclers is in flux with increasing amount of polycoat cups being not suitable for
cups - suitable for	recyclers is in flux with increasing amount of polycoat cups being not suitable for

graan hin	composition Delivered our diversion program should be manifered to ensure best
green bin	composting. Polycoat cup diversion program should be monitored to ensure best
	diversion result.
Polycoat Beverage	Polycoat cups suitable for organics program though polycoat cup acceptance by
Cups - at risk	recyclers is in flux with increasing amount of polycoat cups being not suitable for
	composting. Polycoat cup diversion program should be monitored to ensure best
	diversion result.
Post Consumer	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW organics bin through
Food Waste	education/signage.
Rubber & Nitrile	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Gloves	through education/signage.
Spiral Wound	Little generated.
Containers	
Steel Food & Other	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Beverage Cans	through education/signage.
Straws/Plastic	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW mixed recycling bin
Cutlery	through education/signage.
Tissue/Toweling	Little generated.
(cleaning related)	
Tissue/Toweling	Staff/students will be encouraged to include material in the ZW organics bin through
(washroom related)	education/signage.
Wood	Not generated at HMC Campus.
Wood Dust	Not generated at HMC Campus.

IV. Responsibility for Implementing The Waste Reduction Work Plan (HMC)

Identify who is responsible for implementing the Waste Reduction Work Plan at your entity(ies). If more than one person is responsible for implementation, identify each person who is responsible and indicate the part of the Waste Reduction Work Plan that each person is responsible for implementing.

Name of Person	Responsibility	Telephone #
Wai Chu Cheng	Promoting, developing and implementing the Zero Waste program, tracking and assessing of data and evaluating the program.	905-845-9430 x 5423
Herbert Sinnock	Developing and evaluating the Zero Waste program	905-875-4405

V. Timetable for Implementing Waste Reduction Work Plan (HMC)

Provide a timetable indica Plan will be implemented.	iting when each Source Separation and 3Rs program of the Waste Reduction Work						
Source Separation and 3Rs Program	Schedule for Completion						
Example: Fine Paper 3Rs Program	"Desk side receptacles and centralized containers to be purchased in March. New collection contract for recycling to be arranged for April Kick off for program and instructions to staff regarding 3Rs program to occur in April" OR "3Rs Program currently in place."						
1. Enhancing Food Waste, Polycoat Cup, Coffee Cup Trays and Napkins Capture Rate	Enhancing Food Waste, Polycoat Cup, Coffee Cup Trays and Napkins Capture Rate Throughout the Campus: 11,980 kg/year of food waste, polycoat cups & trays and napkins are being disposed in waste-to-landfill. Though this is a significant improvement from 2018, Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper disposal in organics of food waste and napkins through education/signage. Consider a campaign to encourage sorting behaviour using a multi-media approach and consider 'branding' the campaign. Engage and challenge environmental studies students to design the campaign and develop a multi-media approach/roll-out. Promote HMC as the best performing Sheridan campus in diversion performance and challenge the campus community to keep up the good work. Expected improvement in capture rate of 20%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 2,396 kg per year (20% of organic improperly disposed across the campus).						
2. Enhancing Mixed Recycling Capture Rate	Enhancing Mixed Recycling Capture Rate Throughout the Campus: 7,569 kg/year of recycling is being disposed in waste-to-landfill. Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper disposal in mixed recycling of: #5 polypropylene containers, boxboard/cores, rubber/nitrile gloves, kraft paper, mixed fine paper, straws & plastic cutlery and #1 PET Bottles through education/signage. Though recycling capture rates have improved over time, Sheridan must continue to encourage the proper sorting of materials. Consider a campaign to encourage sorting behaviour using a multi-media approach and consider 'branding' the campaign. Engage and challenge environmental studies students to design the campaign and develop a multi-media approach/roll-out. Promote HMC as the best performing Sheridan campus in diversion performance and challenge the campus community to keep up the good work. Expected improvement in capture rate of 20%. Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 1,523 kg per year (20% of mixed recycling improperly disposed across the campus). Due date: December 31, 2020						
3. Encouraging Emptying of Beverage	Emptying Beverage Containers: Continue to encourage the emptying of beverage containers prior to placement in mixed recycling through a						

Containers

combination of education/signage and placement of emptying stations where practicable. Consider launching a campaign. Anticipated reduction in disposal of liquids in any stream: 40%.

Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill of 2,114 kg per year as well as a significant reduction in contamination in the mixed recycling and organic streams.

Due date: December 31, 2020

4. Reducing Contamination at Targeted Underperforming Areas

Reducing Contamination in the ZW Collection Programs at Targeted Underperforming Areas: Sheridan should continue to identify behavioural and structural issues and opportunities to improve material sorting, with particular focus in Hallways, Galleries and Cafeteria Front of House where sorting is particularly poor.

Estimating the impact of targeted area programs on waste diversion is beyond the scope of this study as not all areas of the Campus were audited in 2019.

Due date: December 31, 2020

5. Re-examination of the Coffee Cup Program

Re-examination of the Coffee Cup Program: More and more cups are being considered not compostable all the while Sheridan's population continues haphazardly dispose of coffee cups largely in waste-to-landfill and organics, but also with significant disposal in recycling. Coffee cup types and disposition (compostable vs. non-compostable) is in flux. Consider developing a strategy to manage coffee cups at the three campuses to ensure the coffee cup program is future looking, flexible, efficient and effective.

Impact on waste diversion cannot be quantified at this time as it is strategy dependent.

Due date: December 31, 2020

6. Capturing & Reporting Material Weights for All Diversion Programs at the Campus

Sheridan has made significant progress in reporting material diversion streams since 2015 however there may be other diversion programs in place at the Campus but the weight-based data is not currently captured for reporting purposes (Examples Electronics Reuse and Office Furniture Donation). Sheridan should continue to conduct an inventory of all diversion programs, with particular focus on reduction and reuse programs, and should ensure there are procedures in place to collect, monitor and report on these programs.

Anticipated reduction in waste-to-landfill: Effect on diversion rate likely significant but not quantifiable

Due date: December 31, 2020

VI. Communication to Staff, Customers, Guests and Visitors (HMC)

Explain how the Waste Reduction Work Plan will be communicated to employees, customers, tenants, guests/visitors and students:

The Waste Reduction Plan will be posted on the Sheridan Sustainability website. Comprehensive strategies will be adopted in promoting the Zero Waste program, including the weekly e-newsletter Insider, Sustainability website, campus TV screens, campus newspaper, Sheridan social media and the Zero Waste promotion booths across all campuses. These media as well as promotional material and additional signage will be employed, where practicable, to promote the implementation of each of the individual waste reduction work plans.

VII. Estimated Waste Produced By Material Type And The Projected Amount (HMC)

VII. Estimated V	Vaste Produc	ed By Materia	Type And The Projected	<u>d Amount (</u>	HMC)		
	Estimated Annual Waste Produced * (kg)	Annual Amount Currently Diverted (2019) (kg)	Name of Proposed 3Rs Program (as stated in Part III)	_	tions to Further Reuse or Recycle Waste (kg)		Estimated Annual Amount to be Diverted ** (%)
				Doduso	Do uso	Doguelo	(70)
#1 PET - clear thermoform packaging	74	14	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.	Reduce	Re-use	Recycle 12	35.3%
#1 PET - other thermoform (coloured)	16	8	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.			1	53.5%
#1 PET Bottles - excluding alcoholic beverage	1,751	1,322	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.			86	80.4%
#2 HDPE Bottles and Jugs	392	275	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.			23	76.2%
#2 Other HDPE Containers	0	0					
#5 Other PP Containers	2,991	1,442	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.			310	58.6%
#6 PS - Expanded polystyrene	218	193	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.			5	88.3%
#6 PS - Non- expanded - all other	1,277	1,166	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.			22	93.0%
#7 Other	0	0					
Aluminum beverage -	19	0	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across			4	0.0%

alcohol			the Campus through education and signage.		
Aluminum Foil & Foil Trays	76	60	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.	3	82.8%
Aluminum Food & Other Beverage Cans	264	255	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.	2	97.4%
Aseptic Containers - (excluding alcoholic beverages)	283	213	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.	14	80.1%
Batteries	0	0			
Boxboard / Cores	2,713	1,568	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.	229	66.2%
Clear Glass Other Beverage and Food	0	0			
Clothing/Textil es	0	0			
Coffee Grinds	2,451	2,451			100.0%
Coffee pods	0	0			
Confidential Paper - Paper Shred	5,897	5,897			100.0%
Corrugated Cardboard - Bulk	1,224	1,224			100.0%
Corrugated Cardboard - Loose	520	520			
Diapers	0	0			
Electronics	321	321			100.0%
Feminine Hygiene Products	1,184	0			
Food packaging	3,466	1,303			
Furniture & Bulky Items	728	728			

		1	T		1	I
Gable Top Containers	393	251	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.		28	71.1%
Glass - Clear Other Beverage and Food	374	374				100.0%
Glass - Clear Alcoholic Beverage	0	0				
Kraft Paper	1,673	636	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.		207	50.4%
Laminated Paper Packaging	0	0				
Large HDPE & PP Pails & Lids	319	319				100.0%
LDPE/HDPE Film - Products (non- packaging)	1,483	426				
Liquids - food/beverag e	6,621	1,335	Promote the emptying of beverage containers prior to placement in ZW mixed recycling	2,115		20.2%
Maintenance Waste	1,165	238				
Metal - Bulk	3,130	3,130				100.0%
Mixed Fine Paper	6,783	5,937	Enhance capture rate for specific recyclables in ZW mixed recycling across the Campus through education and signage.		169	90.0%
Molded Pulp/Fibre	542	382	Enhancing food waste coffee cups & trays and napkins capture rate throughout the Campus		32	76.4%
Napkins/Towe ling (food related)	3,608	1,017	Enhancing food waste coffee cups & trays and napkins capture rate throughout the Campus		518	42.5%
Newspaper – Dailys and Weeklys	0	0				
Office Waste	6,839	1,160				
Other Metal	0	0				
Other Non-	0	0				

			1	<u> </u>		
Recyclable						
Material						
(Laundry)						
Other Paper	0	0				
(paper plates)						
Paper Straws	0	0				
Parchment	763	127				
Paper	703	127				
Polycoat						
Beverage Cups	5	5				100.0%
- suitable for	3	3				100.0%
green bin						
Polycoat			Enhancing food waste			
Beverage Cups	6,444	3,501	coffee cups & trays and		589	54.3%
- at risk	0,444	3,301	napkins capture rate		303	34.370
			throughout the Campus			
Post			Enhancing food waste coffee cups & trays and			
Consumer	41,156	34,712	napkins capture rate		1,289	87.5%
Food Waste		I	throughout the Campus			
Rubber &			Enhance capture rate for			
Nitrile Gloves			specific recyclables in ZW			
Withie Gloves	1,177	38	mixed recycling across		228	22.6%
	•		the Campus through			
			education and signage.			
Spiral Wound	0	0				
Containers	<u> </u>	U				
Steel Food &						
Other	509	509				100.0%
Beverage Cans						
Straws/Plastic			Enhance capture rate for			
Cutlery			specific recyclables in ZW			
	851	119	mixed recycling across		146	31.2%
			the Campus through			
Tissue/Toweli			education and signage.			
ng (cleaning	0	0				
related)	U					
Tissue/Toweli						
ng (washroom	0	0				
	U					
related)		0				
Wood	0	0				
Wood Dust	0	0				
CAMPUS						
WIDE	109,700	73,176		2,115	3,918	72.2%
TOTALS						

^{*} Estimated Waste Produced = Waste Diverted (3Rs) + Waste Disposed

^{**} Estimated Waste Diversion Rate = Amount of Waste Diverted (3Rs) ÷ Estimated Waste Produced x 100%

^{***} Waste-to-landfill material that is being diverted as a contaminant in ZW organics and/or mixed recycling

I hereby certify that the information	n provided in this Waste Reduction	Work Plan is complete and correct.
Signature of authorized official:	Title:	Date:
all	DRECTUR- SISTAINARILITY	DECEMBER 18, 2019